



Regional Economic Workshop

Water tariffs and affordability

Social Vs other tariffs in Greece

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Greece

- 131,957 km²
- 11 Million population (2015 estimate)
- GDP PPP **\$26,606**
- Nominal GDPc \$18,035

Romania

- 238,391 km²
- 19.5 Million population (2015 estimate)
- GDP PPP **\$21,545**
- Nominal GDPc \$10,249





In Greece, there are three water utility management patterns

- a) Semi privatized utilities entered to the Greek stock market, 2
- b) Enterprises affiliated with the municipality, called Municipal Enterprise for Water Supply and Sewerage (MEWWS)* 127
- c) Municipal services.

As a principle, the tariffs apply to water metered consumption with a VAT of 13%. On top of that there are other tariffs, major one is wastewater surcharge of around 80% of the tariffs applied to water. Wastewater has a VAT of 23%.





There are two semi-privatized water utilities covering the largest cities and their surrounding towns. The largest water utility called company for the water supply and sewerage for the Capital (abbreviated in Greek as **EYDAP**) serves about **5M** inhabitants. The second largest is the Enterprise for water supply and sewerage of Thessaloniki (abbreviated in Greek as **EYATH**) serves about **1M** inhabitants. These are listed in the stock exchange, consequently standard obligations to conform with international standards.





All other water utilities are autonomous, and affiliated to a municipality. They are coordinated by the Union for Municipal Enterprises for water supply and sewerage abbreviated in Greek as EDEYA (http://www.edeya.gr/2013-09-24-09-35-41/katalogos-deya). The participation of the MEWSS is not obligatory, however all but a few small are not registered with this Union. In small municipalities, that cannot afford to support financially and operationally a MEWSS manage the water supply and sewerage in a department within the municipality. Major projects for those small municipalities are managed by the public regional technical services, which supervise the tenders and the construction of projects.



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Table 2. Descriptive statistics of the WU in Greece according to the number of water metering units (MSc Thesis, Menexidou, 2015).

Statistics	Value
Mean	43768
Std. Deviation	187636
Minimum	700
5% Percentile	3000
25% Percentile	9850
Median	19000
75% Percentile	32750
95% Percentile	92000
Maximum	2030000
Sum	5120950

Tariffs for Athens (5.000.000 p)

Block tariffs are €/m³ (for water)

Quarterly	2016 standard
consumption	tariffs
Fixed	3€
0-5 m ³	0.35
5-20 m ³	0.64
20-27 m ³	1.83
27-35 m ³	2.56
>35 m ³	3.20

Social tariffs for EYDAP (1.000.000 p)

Single parent with 3 children 10% discount

5 or 6 member families 10% discount

7 or 8 member families 35% discount

9 to 13 member families 60% discount

Elder people 30 % discount if

- a. Live alone (eg. not with other family members)
- b. Receive no more than 8.000€ per year
- c. The total <u>annual</u> bill is less than 150€

Tariffs for Thessaloniki

Block tariffs are €/m³ (for water)

Quarterly	2016 standard tariffs	Families with 4 or	Disabled (more than	Social tariff
consumption		more children	80%)	
Fixed	10€	10€	10€	10€
0-10 m ³	0.46	0.23	0.23	0
11-30 m ³	0.63	0.315	0.315	0
31-60 m ³	0.72	0.36	0.36	0.36
61-80 m ³	1.16	0.58	0.58	0.58
81-120 m ³	1.16	0.58	0.58	1.16
121-180 m³	2.39	1.195	1.195	2.39
>180 m³	4.03	2.015	2.015	4.03

Social tariffs for EYATH

Families with 4 or more children 50% discount

Disabled (more than 80%) 50% discount

Social tariff 0-30m³: 0€, 31-80 m³: 50% discount, >81m³: no discount

- ■Single persons with less than 8.000€ income per year
- ■Married couples without children with less than 8.000€ income per year
- ■Married couples without children with less than 8.000€ income per year
- Families with 1 child with less than 11.000€ income per year
- Families with 2 children with less than 14.000€ income per year
- Families with 3 children with less than 17.000€ income per year

Tariffs for Patra city (200.000 p)

Only for the city, not for surrounding villages, applies for water Block tariffs are €/m³

Quarterly	2016 standard tariffs
consumption	
Fixed	23.6€
0-20 m ³	0.09
21-40 m³	0.30
41-67 m ³	0.40
68-93 m³	0.55
94-133 m³	0.98
134-267 m ³	1.40
268-933 m ³	1.96
934-2667 m³	2.38
>2668 m³	3.08

Social tariffs for Patra

Single parent families, 3 or more children (less than 18) 40% discount to the variable cost If family income is less than $[25.000 \in +3000 \in x(\#children)]$

Disabled people or families with disabled member of more than 67% disability 60% discount to the variable cost If family income is less than [20.000€+5000€x(#disabled persons)] **Jobless** 50% discount to the variable cost If

- -Without job for more than a year
- -Own one only house of less than 100 m²
- -Family annual income is less than 6000€

Tariffs for Alexandroupolis

Only for the city, not for surrounding villages, applies for water consumption Block tariffs are €/m³

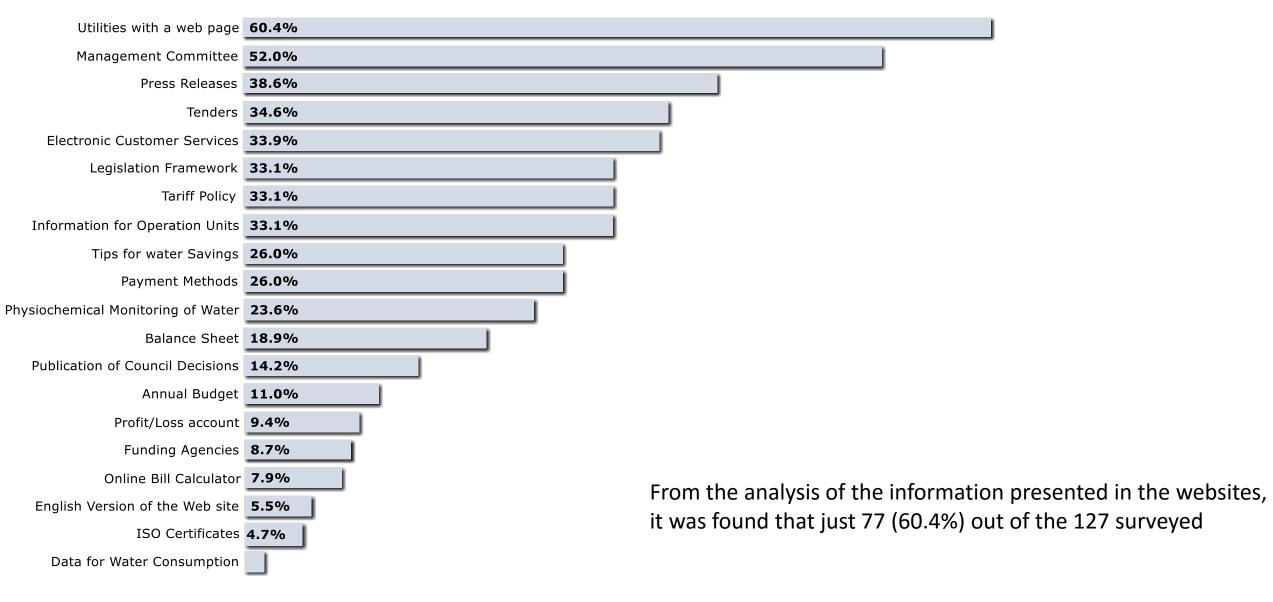
Quarterly	2016 standard tariffs
consumption	
Fixed	20€
1-40 m ³	1.01
41-80 m ³	1.02
>81m³	1.40

Social tariffs for Alexandroupolis town (50.000 p)

Single parent families 50% discount to the bill If family income is up to 18.000€

3 or more children (less than 18) 50% discount to the bill If family income is up to 35.000€

Disabled people or families with disabled member of more than 80% 50% discount to the bill if family income is up to 35.000€



Percentage of water utilities with this information in their web site (data from Menexidou MSc Thesis, 2015,, The technologies of Environmental Legislation, Democritus University of Thrace)